

UNIFORM TAX EXEMPTION POLICY

CITY OF PEEKSKILL INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY UNIFORM TAX EXEMPTION POLICY AND GUIDELINES

The general policy of the City of Peekskill Industrial Development Agency ("Agency") is to grant applicants real property tax abatements and exemptions from sales, use and mortgage recording taxes as described below. The Agency may grant enhanced benefits on a case by case basis for a project expected to have a significant economic impact on the City of Peekskill as determined by the Agency's members.

A. Real Property Taxes.

The Agency maintains a policy for the provision of real property tax abatements for qualified projects. The abatement provided applies to value added by construction or renovation and the existing parcel involved. The period of the exemption will not exceed the period of the respective financing or lease and will be for a period of up to twenty (20) years. The Agency's policy results in a graduated schedule of abatement applicable to County, Municipal and School taxes. Each schedule will result in increasing percentages of taxes due with a maximum initial abatement of one hundred percent (100%) with annual increases over the life of the project averaging no less than a two and one-half percent (2.5%) increase per annum, where a greater than fifty percent (50%) abatement is granted. Eligible projects include industrial projects (i.e. manufacturing, remanufacturing, assembly, processing, product research and development, etc.) and non-industrial projects (i.e. warehouse, wholesale/distribution, qualified retail, office, hotel, mixed use, rental housing, etc.).

Any deviations from the standard policy will be made only with the specific approval of the Agency's members based on the factors listed in paragraph E and those described in the New York State General Municipal Law ("GML") Section 874(4)(a). Additionally, the Agency shall notify the affected local taxing jurisdictions of the proposed deviation from such policy and the reasons therefore.

The Agency will use existing tax data to negotiate the payment in lieu of tax agreement and, therefore, Appraisals will not normally be required.

B. Payment in Lieu of Taxes.

Each project receiving an abatement will be subject to a Payment In Lieu Of Tax Agreement ("PILOT Agreement") in a form acceptable to the Agency. The Agency will consider project factors, similar to those described in paragraph E herein, when determining the amounts to be paid under the PILOT Agreement. A copy of the PILOT Agreement will be forwarded to each of the affected taxing jurisdictions within fifteen (15) days of execution. Generally, and in accordance with GML Section 858(15), all PILOT payments received by the Agency shall be allocated among the affected taxing jurisdictions in proportion to the amount of real property tax and other taxes which would have been received by each affected taxing jurisdiction had the project not been tax exempt due to the status of the Agency involved in the

project. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Agency shall comply with applicable provisions of (i) that certain Lease Agreement, dated as of October 1, 1982, as most recently amended pursuant to a certain Sixth Amendment, dated as of October 22, 2009, as each may be amended, and relating to the waste-energy facility located on John E. Walsh Boulevard (“Resco”), and (ii) that certain Amended and Restated PILOT Allocation Agreement, dated as of November 29, 2011, by and among the City of Peekskill Industrial Development Agency, the City of Peekskill, the Peekskill City School District, and the Hendrick Hudson School District (the “PILOT Allocation Agreement”), and relating to PILOT payments received by the Agency pursuant the Sixth Amendment, including and distribution of Resco PILOT Payments, Non-Resco PILOT Payments, and Lower South Street PILOT Payments, as each are defined within the PILOT Allocation Agreement.

C. Sales and Use Tax Exemptions.

1) Purchases of construction materials and equipment rentals and purchases of project related equipment, furnishings and services are made as agent for the Agency, and are therefore afforded full exemption from local and New York State Sales and Use Taxes until the project is completed (ie. certificate of occupancy). Operating and maintenance expenses of projects are not incurred as agent of the Agency, and no sales tax exemption is provided thereof.

2) All project applicants must agree in writing to file with the New York State Department of Taxation, in form and at times required, an annual statement of the value of all sales and use taxes exemption claimed in connection with the facility in full compliance with Section 874(8) of the General Municipal Law.

D. Mortgage Recording Tax Exemptions.

1) The Agency's Policy is to permit mortgage recording tax exemptions on all project related financing to the full extent permitted by New York State Law, whether or not the Agency has issued its bonds to finance the Project.

2) The Agency may, in its sole discretion, permit mortgage recording tax exemptions on non-project related financings, (eg. second mortgages on the project to secure subordinated indebtedness of the project applicant). In determining whether to permit such exemptions on non-project related financing, the Agency shall consider such factors as it deems appropriate, including but not limited to the use of the property, the degree of investment, the degree and nature of the employment and the economic condition of the areas in which the facility is located.

E. Deviations.

In addition to or in lieu of the foregoing the Agency may determine, on a case by case basis, to deviate from the guidelines described above or provide enhanced benefits for a project expected to have significant impact in the locality where the project will be located. Any deviations from the guidelines set forth above require the written notification by the Agency to the chief executive officer of each affected taxing jurisdictions. The Agency may consider any

or all of the following factors in making such determination, no single one of which is determinative:

- 1) The nature of the proposed project (eg. manufacturing, commercial, civic, etc.).
- 2) The nature of the property before the project begins (eg. vacant land, vacant building, etc.)
- 3) The economic condition of the area at the time of the application and the economic multiplying effect the project will have on the area.
- 4) The extent to which the project will create or retain permanent, private sector jobs, the number of jobs to be created/retained and/or the salary ranges of such jobs.
- 5) The estimated value of tax exemptions to be provided.
- 6) The economic impact of the project and the proposed tax exemptions on affected taxing jurisdictions.
- 7) The impact of the proposed project on existing and proposed businesses and economic development projects in the vicinity.
- 8) The amount of private sector investment generated or likely to be generated by the proposed project.
- 9) The likelihood of accomplishing the proposed project in a timely fashion.
- 10) The effect of the proposed project upon the environment and surrounding property.
- 11) The extent to which the proposed project will require the provision of additional services including, but not limited to, educational, transportation, emergency medical or police and fire services.
- 12) The extent to which the proposed project will provide additional sources of revenue for municipalities and school districts in which the project is located.
- 13) The extent to which the proposed project will provide a benefit (economic or otherwise) not otherwise available within the municipality in which the project is located.

F. Recapture of Benefits.

The agency, at its sole discretion and on a case-by-case basis, may determine, (but shall not be required to do so) with respect to a particular project, that a project has failed to meet its intended goals and to require the project applicant to agree to the recapture by the Agency of the value of any or all exemptions from taxation granted with respect to the project by virtue of

the Agency's involvement. Events that the Agency may determine will trigger recapture may include, but not limited to:

- 1) Sale or closure of facility;
- 2) Significant employment reduction;
- 3) Significant change in use in facility;
- 4) Significant change in business activities or project applicant or operator;

or

5) Material noncompliance with or breach of terms of Agency transaction documents or of zoning or land use laws or regulations or federal, state or local environmental laws or regulations.

If the Agency determines to provide for the recapture with respect to a particular project, the Agency also shall, in its sole discretion and on a case-by-case basis, determine the timing and percentage of recapture.

G. Effective Date.

This Uniform Tax Exemption Policy shall apply to all projects for which the Agency has adopted or adopts an Inducement Resolution after September 21, 2004 and all refinancing of any project induced or closed before said date.

H. Amendments.

The Agency, by resolution of its members, and upon notice to all affected taxing jurisdictions as may be required by law, may amend or modify the foregoing policy as it may, from time to time, in its sole discretion determine.

Amended & Restated June 26, 2012